## Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form only of this form and any documentation provided with the insu

Inspection Date:	ieu wim me insurance pon	<u>icy</u>						
Owner Information								
Owner Name:	Contact Person:							
Address:	Home Phone:							
City: Zip:	Work Phone:							
County:	Cell Phone:							
Insurance Company:	Policy #:							
Year of Home: # of Stories:	Email:							
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.  1. Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in								
A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)//	the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?  A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)/							
<ul> <li>□ B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Applicati</li> <li>□ C. Unknown or does not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B"</li> </ul>								
2. <b>Roof Covering:</b> Select all roof covering types in use. Provide the permit application of OR Year of Original Installation/Replacement OR indicate that no information was avecovering identified.	ailable to verify compliance for	r each roof						
Permit Application FBC or MDC 2.1 Roof Covering Type: Date Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Provi	ormation ided for pliance						
1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle								
2. Concrete/Clay Tile								
3. Metal								
4. Built Up								
5. Membrane								
6. Other								
<ul> <li>□ A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.</li> <li>□ B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a</li> </ul>								
roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is origing the state of the roof is origing to the state of the roof is origing to the roof in the state of the roof is origing to the roof is original.								
C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "E	<b>~.</b>							
☐ D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".								
<ul> <li>3. Roof Deck Attachment: What is the weakest form of roof deck attachment?</li> <li>A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.</li> <li>B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.</li> <li>C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue &amp; Grooved decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalen</li> </ul>								
Inspectors Initials Property Address								

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		or greater res	sistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
	П	-	ed Concrete Roof Deck.
	П		
	П		or unidentified.
		G. No attic a	
1			
4.		eet of the insid	tachment: What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within le or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
		A. Toe Nails	
			Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Miı	nimal conditi	ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
			Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter <b>and</b> blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, <b>and</b> free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single W	
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Double V	Vraps
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, <b>or</b>
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structural	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other: _	
		G. Unknown	or unidentified
		H. No attic a	access
5.			What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
		B. Flat Roof	Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet
			less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof areasq ft
		C. Other Ro	of Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
6.	Sec	A. SWR (also sheathing	er Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) so called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the gor foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
		B. No SWR	
		C. Unknown	n or undetermined.
In	spec	tors Initials _	Property Address
*Т	hia .	fication fo	own is valid for up to five (5) years provided no metarial changes have been made to the structure or

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7. <u>Opening Protection</u>: What is the <u>weakest</u> form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart  Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure						
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection						

A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at
a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval
system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure
and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).

- Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
- Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203
- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
- For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

☐ A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
☐ A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
• ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)
☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
$\square$ B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
<u>C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007</u> All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
☐ C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above
☐ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter sprotective coverings not meeting the requirements of An with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the ta	nswer "A", "B", or C" or sy			
N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist				
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level table above  N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level table above				
☐ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Leve	el X in the table above			
☐ X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaze		evel X i	n the table above.	
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST B Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, provi	~			
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:		License or Certificate #:	
Inspection Company:		Phone:		
Qualified Inspector I hold an active license as a	· (ahaak ana)			
<ul> <li>Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a</li> <li>Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statute training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board</li> <li>□ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida</li> <li>□ General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section</li> </ul>	es who has completed the statu and completion of a proficienc Statutes.		per of hours of hurricane mitigation	
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida St				
☐ Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida St				
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as posse verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statute		ons to pro	perly complete a uniform mitigation	
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the structure Section 471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.  I, am a qualified inspector a (print name)  contractors and professional engineers only) I had my emploand I agree to be responsible for his/her work.  Qualified Inspector Signature:	ructures personally and not ect employee who possessed and I personally performed byee (	ot throughs the rec	th employees or other persons. quisite skill, knowledge, and pection or (licensed rform the inspection ctor)	
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross ne subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insuranc appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (S certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduc performed the inspection.	e Fraud and may be subjection 627.711(4)-(7), Flor	ct to adr ida Statı	ministrative action by the utes) The Qualified Inspector who	
<u>Homeowner to complete</u> : I certify that the named Qualified residence identified on this form and that proof of identification				
Signature:I	Date:			
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to w of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)				
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes on as offering protection from hurricanes.	ly and cannot be used to c	ertify an	y product or construction feature	
Inspectors Initials Property Address				
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